FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

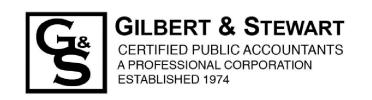
JUNE 30, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Payson Payson, Utah

December 26, 2013

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Payson City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Payson City, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Payson City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 26, 2013 on our consideration of the Payson City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Payson City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

GILBERT & STEWART, CPA, PC

Gilbert & Stewart

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Payson City, we offer readers of the Payson City financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The narrative is designed to provide an overview of the City's financial activity. It is also intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues including identifying changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), identifying any material deviations from the approved budget, and identifying individual fund issues or concerns. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter and the City's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total net position of Payson City increased from \$61,621,959 to \$64,548,371. Of this, the governmental net position increased by \$1,456,434 and the business-type net position increased by \$1,469,977. (An extended list of new assets is in more detail below under heading "Capital Assets and Debt Administration").
- The total net position of \$64,548,371 is made up of \$52,271,855 in net investment in capital assets and \$7,402,638 in unrestricted and \$4,873,878 restricted net position.
- The General Fund (the primary operating fund) had an increase in its fund balance of \$112,604.
- Total long-term liabilities of the City went down from \$27,149,491 to \$26,852,416, which includes all debt owing (bonds, leases, compensated absences, water share liability, bond premiums and Landfill post-closure liability), as of June 30, 2013.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Payson City's basic financial statements. Payson City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Payson City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net position presents information on all of Payson City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Payson City is improving or deteriorating. However, you will also need to consider other non-financial factors.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Payson City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities or enterprise funds).

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Payson City also uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: government funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – These funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These fund statements focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps users determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.

The major governmental funds (as determined by generally accepted accounting principles) are the General Fund and the Capital Project Funds. The balance of the governmental funds are determined to be non-major and are included in the combining statements within this report.

Proprietary funds – Payson City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Payson City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Utility, Electric Utility, Sewer Utility, Solid Waste Utility, Storm Drainage Utility, Golf Course Operations, and Ambulance Services. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Payson City's various functions. The City is using two internal service funds for maintenance of its vehicles and equipment. Because this service primarily benefits governmental activities, it has been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

As determined by generally accepted accounting principles, the Electric, Water, and Sewer, and Golf Course enterprise funds satisfy the criteria for major fund classification. The other enterprise funds are classified as non-major and are included in the combining statements within this report.

• Fiduciary funds – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting method used for these funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. They are included in non-major governmental funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Payson City, assets exceed liabilities by \$64,548,371.

By far the largest portion of Payson City's net position, (82%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure assets, and machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table summarizes Payson City's Net Position:

Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total					
	2013		2012	2013		2012		2013			2012
\$	9,253,070	\$	9,370,912	\$	8,207,318	\$	7,952,201	\$	17,460,388	\$	17,323,113
	29,596,421		29,717,192		47,290,839		45,478,001		76,887,260		75,195,193
	38,849,491		39,088,104		55,498,157		53,430,202		94,347,648		92,518,306
	-		-		585,582		-		585,582		-
	1,588,597		2,428,368		1,137,080		1,318,488		2,725,677		3,746,856
	6,524,559		8,186,602		20,327,857		18,962,889		26,852,416		27,149,491
	8,113,156		10,614,970		21,464,937		20,281,377		29,578,093		30,896,347
	806,766		-		-		<u>-</u>		806,766		-
					_						_
	23,646,302		22,208,824		28,625,553		29,675,829		52,271,855		51,884,653
	602,434		574,125		4,271,444		2,787,498		4,873,878		3,361,623
	5,680,833		5,690,185		1,721,805		685,498		7,402,638		6,375,683
\$	29,929,569	\$	28,473,134	\$	34,618,802	\$	33,148,825	\$	64,548,371	\$	61,621,959
	\$	2013 \$ 9,253,070 29,596,421 38,849,491 	2013 \$ 9,253,070 29,596,421 38,849,491 	2013 2012 \$ 9,253,070 \$ 9,370,912 29,596,421 29,717,192 38,849,491 39,088,104 	2013 2012 \$ 9,253,070 \$ 9,370,912 \$ 29,596,421 29,717,192 38,849,491 39,088,104 - - - - 1,588,597 2,428,368 6,524,559 8,186,602 8,113,156 10,614,970 806,766 - 23,646,302 22,208,824 602,434 574,125 5,680,833 5,690,185	2013 2012 2013 \$ 9,253,070 \$ 9,370,912 \$ 8,207,318 29,596,421 29,717,192 47,290,839 38,849,491 39,088,104 55,498,157 - - 585,582 1,588,597 2,428,368 1,137,080 6,524,559 8,186,602 20,327,857 8,113,156 10,614,970 21,464,937 806,766 - - 23,646,302 22,208,824 28,625,553 602,434 574,125 4,271,444 5,680,833 5,690,185 1,721,805	2013 2012 2013 \$ 9,253,070 \$ 9,370,912 \$ 8,207,318 \$ 29,596,421 29,717,192 47,290,839 38,849,491 39,088,104 55,498,157 - - 585,582 1,588,597 2,428,368 1,137,080 6,524,559 8,186,602 20,327,857 8,113,156 10,614,970 21,464,937 806,766 - - 23,646,302 22,208,824 28,625,553 602,434 574,125 4,271,444 5,680,833 5,690,185 1,721,805	2013 2012 2013 2012 \$ 9,253,070 \$ 9,370,912 \$ 8,207,318 \$ 7,952,201 29,596,421 29,717,192 47,290,839 45,478,001 38,849,491 39,088,104 55,498,157 53,430,202 - - 585,582 - 1,588,597 2,428,368 1,137,080 1,318,488 6,524,559 8,186,602 20,327,857 18,962,889 8,113,156 10,614,970 21,464,937 20,281,377 806,766 - - - 23,646,302 22,208,824 28,625,553 29,675,829 602,434 574,125 4,271,444 2,787,498 5,680,833 5,690,185 1,721,805 685,498	2013 2012 2013 2012 \$ 9,253,070 \$ 9,370,912 \$ 8,207,318 \$ 7,952,201 \$ 29,596,421 29,717,192 47,290,839 45,478,001 38,849,491 39,088,104 55,498,157 53,430,202 - - 585,582 - 1,588,597 2,428,368 1,137,080 1,318,488 6,524,559 8,186,602 20,327,857 18,962,889 8,113,156 10,614,970 21,464,937 20,281,377 806,766 - - - 23,646,302 22,208,824 28,625,553 29,675,829 602,434 574,125 4,271,444 2,787,498 5,680,833 5,690,185 1,721,805 685,498	2013 2012 2013 2012 2013 \$ 9,253,070 \$ 9,370,912 \$ 8,207,318 \$ 7,952,201 \$ 17,460,388 29,596,421 29,717,192 47,290,839 45,478,001 76,887,260 38,849,491 39,088,104 55,498,157 53,430,202 94,347,648 - - 585,582 - 585,582 1,588,597 2,428,368 1,137,080 1,318,488 2,725,677 6,524,559 8,186,602 20,327,857 18,962,889 26,852,416 8,113,156 10,614,970 21,464,937 20,281,377 29,578,093 806,766 - - - 806,766 23,646,302 22,208,824 28,625,553 29,675,829 52,271,855 602,434 574,125 4,271,444 2,787,498 4,873,878 5,680,833 5,690,185 1,721,805 685,498 7,402,638	2013 2012 2013 2012 2013 \$ 9,253,070 \$ 9,370,912 \$ 8,207,318 \$ 7,952,201 \$ 17,460,388 \$ 29,596,421 29,717,192 47,290,839 45,478,001 76,887,260 38,849,491 39,088,104 55,498,157 53,430,202 94,347,648 585,582 - - - 80,525,677 6,524,559 8,186,602 20,327,857 18,962,889 26,852,416 8,113,156 10,614,970<

The following table summarizes Payson City's change in net position:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	Total		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,659,133	\$ 1,513,946	\$ 21,047,030	\$ 18,853,093	\$ 22,706,163	\$ 20,367,039	
Operating grants and contribs	381,575	351,434	-	-	381,575	351,434	
Capital grants and contribs	1,248,003	872,063	796,172	867,866	2,044,175	1,739,929	
General revenues:							
Taxes	5,478,769	5,222,384	-	-	5,478,769	5,222,384	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	6,200	448,967	5,151	32,374	11,351	481,341	
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unrestricted investment earnings	33,183	37,735	-	-	33,183	37,735	
Trans fers	2,252,269	827,444	(2,252,269)	(827,444)	-	-	
Misc.	32,365	67,174		784,131	32,365	851,305	
Total revenues	11,091,497	9,341,147	19,596,084	19,710,020	30,687,581	29,051,167	
Expenses:							
General government	2,598,884	2,463,421	-	-	2,598,884	2,463,421	
Public safety	2,695,255	2,701,558	-	-	2,695,255	2,701,558	
Highways and public works	975,625	943,130	-	-	975,625	943,130	
Parks and recreation	2,318,301	2,272,903	-	-	2,318,301	2,272,903	
Economic Development	453,350	288,811	-	-	453,350	288,811	
Cemetery	163,434	174,983	-	-	163,434	174,983	
Interest on long-term debt	430,213	388,046	-	-	430,213	388,046	
Water	-	-	1,943,051	1,683,462	1,943,051	1,683,462	
Electric	-	-	11,977,933	10,788,852	11,977,933	10,788,852	
Sewer	-	-	1,556,249	1,583,377	1,556,249	1,583,377	
Solid Waste	-	-	983,943	1,003,432	983,943	1,003,432	
Golf	-	-	916,833	955,475	916,833	955,475	
Storm Drain	-	-	380,120	297,244	380,120	297,244	
Ambulance			367,978	352,972	367,978	352,972	
Total expenses	9,635,062	9,232,852	18,126,107	16,664,814	27,761,169	25,897,666	
Increase in net position	1,456,435	108,295	1,469,977	3,045,206	2,926,412	3,153,501	
Net position - beginning	28,473,134	28,364,839	33,148,825	30,103,619	61,621,959	58,468,458	
Net position - ending	\$ 29,929,569	\$ 28,473,134	\$ 34,618,802	\$ 33,148,825	\$ 64,548,371	\$ 61,621,959	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of June 30, 2013, the City's governmental funds (General, Capital Projects, & Special Revenue) reported combined fund balance of \$6,790,333 up from \$6,708,700 last year. This represents an increase/decrease of \$81,633 from last year's ending balances, with the General Fund portion increasing by \$112,604.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. All activities, which are not required to be accounted for in separate funds either by state or local ordinance or by a desire to maintain a matching of revenues and expenses, are accounted for in this fund.

Taxes continue to be the largest source of revenue in the General Fund and represent 65% of total general fund revenues. The largest element of taxes is sales tax as it has been for the last several years. It represents 54% of total tax revenues and represents \$2,615,537 of total general fund revenues.

As stated earlier, the City maintains several enterprise funds to account for the business-type activities of the City. The separate fund statements included in this report provide the same information for business-type activities as is provided in the government-wide financial statements. However, the difference is that the fund statements provide much more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, the General Fund budget was amended from an original budget expenditure total of \$8,846,847 to a final budget of \$9,485,449 to accommodate additional expenditures needed in various departments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital assets</u> – Payson City's investment in capital assets for all activities as of June 30, 2013, amounts to \$76,887,260 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, infrastructure (streets, sidewalks, curb and gutter, etc.), and machinery and equipment.

Major capital asset events during this 2013 fiscal year included the following:

- o Police Hand held radios \$4.400
- o Fire Miscellaneous fire equipment \$8,848
- o Streets 930 West \$113,338; Repair & Maintenance \$241,500 (B&C Roads)
- o Cemetery Backhoe lease \$8,000
- Water Backhoe lease \$8,000
- o Solid Waste/Landfill Garbage Truck lease payments \$133,205
- o Electric Line Truck Lease Payment \$100,259
- o Ambulance New Ambulance Lease Payment \$30,000; Miscellaneous Equipment \$11,315
- o Golf Low Band Radio Equipment \$27,150
- Storm Drain Retention Pond Repair \$28,200; Curb & Gutter \$60,000; Miscellaneous Storm Projects \$100,000; 930 West \$370,000
- o Information Technology Software Upgrades \$5,000; Building Permit Program \$6,000; Replacement Computers \$21,000

The following table summarizes Payson City's changes in Capital Assets:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total				
		2013	3 2012		2013		2012		2013			2012
Invested in capital assets, net				_						_		_
Land	\$	3,518,221	\$	3,518,221	\$	7,873,757	\$	7,873,757	\$	11,391,978	\$	11,391,978
Building		6,571,703		6,789,914		465,092		488,567		7,036,795		7,278,481
Equipment		374,983		489,666		2,024,081		1,940,436		2,399,064		2,430,102
Water Shares		-		-		198,400		198,400		198,400		198,400
Improvements		2,638,774		2,744,904		34,202,900		34,976,841		36,841,674		37,721,745
Infrastructure		16,492,740		16,174,487		-		-		16,492,740		16,174,487
Construction in progress						2,526,609		558,860		2,526,609		558,860
Total net assets	\$	29,596,421	\$	\$ 29,717,192		47,290,839	\$	46,036,861	\$	76,887,260	\$	75,754,053
Total net assets	2	29,390,421	3	29,/1/,192	3	47,290,839	3	40,030,801	3	/0,88/,200	Þ	13,134,033

The City has adopted the modified approach for reporting, where infrastructure assets are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed. The City capitalizes costs related to new construction or major replacements under the modified approach.

The City Level of Service Policy for streets is:

L.O.S 1 No curb and gutter (rural)

1. To maintain a minimum of 24 ft. of asphalt travel with a minimum of 4 foot of gravel shoulder with adequate facility for storm water dispersion. Adequate signage to move traffic in a uniform safe manner.

L.O.S. 2 (Residential)

2. Maintain 40 ft. of asphalt width with adequate storm water facilities to include curb gutter and sidewalk and signage information to provide safe uninhibited flow of traffic and suitable information to negotiate the road system in a safe uniform manner.

L.O.S. 3 (Arterial)

3. Maintain 60 ft. asphalt width with adequate storm water facilities to include curb gutter and sidewalk and traffic control devices to allow for the safe uniform flow of traffic in the most fluid and efficient manner possible with higher volumes of traffic involving higher speeds.

The streets are assessed by the Iwork Computer program. The most recent assessment found that the City's streets were within the prescribed parameters with 87% having a pavement condition with service life of 12 years or better and .28% of the streets having a pavement condition 2 years service life or less

Over the last five reporting years, the estimated amounts needed and actual expenditures utilized to maintain and preserve the City's road system are as follows (capital expenditures are not included):

<u>Year</u>	<u>Budgeted</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
2009	\$ 470,949	\$ 478,883
2010	416,832	384,700
2011	161,390	158,999
2012	392,160	366,866
2013	533,148	538,565

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the footnotes to this financial report and also the supplemental section.

Long-term debt – At June 30, 2013, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$23,965,000. Also the following revenue bonds; the Sewer Revenue Bonds, for the eastside sewer line for \$4,500,000 (with the remaining amount owing \$3,615,000); Sales Tax Bonds for swimming pool and golf course improvements for \$8,865,000 (with the remaining amount owing swimming pool \$5,940,000). The Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond of \$5,301,000 (with the remaining amount owing \$4,155,000) and the Water Revenue & Refunding Bond of \$9,445,000 (with the remaining owing \$8,005,000)

The following table summarizes Payson City's Changes in Debt:

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total					
	2013		2012		2012			2013	_	2012		2013	_	2012
Bonds Payable	\$	5,940,000	\$	\$ 7,585,000		18,270,802	\$	16,931,634	\$	24,210,802	\$	24,516,634		
Capital Lease		10,119		42,113		424,833		413,356		434,952		455,469		
Accrued Compensated Absences		574,440		559,489		417,663		399,648		992,103		959,137		
Water Share Liability		-		-		262,452		266,144		262,452		266,144		
Closure and Postclosure Liability			-			952,107		952,107		952,107		952,107		
Total Long Term Debt	\$	6,524,559	\$	8,186,602	\$	20,327,857	\$	18,962,889	\$	26,852,416	\$	27,149,491		

The State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value.

Additional information on the outstanding debt obligations of the City can be found in the footnotes to this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The Utah County unemployment rate was 4.3% in October 2013. This compares with the national rate of 7.3%. (Source: Utah Dept of Workforce Services). The State unemployment rate was 7.9% in October 2012.
- Payson City saw a dramatic drop in building permits for new residential units from 2006 to 2008, and have steadied out since that time with 64 permits in 2009, 59 in 2010, 48 in 2011, 36 in 2012, and so far in 2013 we have issued 62 permits for new residential units.
- The General Fund budget for fiscal year ending June 30, 2013 reflects an increase in expenditures of \$638,602 over the final budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.
- The City Council also voted the Certified Tax Rate at .001380 for FY 2013 and .001353 for FY 2014.
- Some capital improvements planned for and budgeted in the FY 2014 budget include:

•	Improvements in Facilities	\$23,733
	o Replacing 2 nd floor carpet, Finish alarm system at city center	
•	Machinery in Facilities	8,200
	 Tables at Banquet Hall, Projector Screen at Banquet Hall 	
	 Flammable closet (gasoline), Replace walk-in cooler equipment 	
•	Peteetneet Amphitheater	46,000
•	Computer Supplies for Development Services	5,000
	Citizen Serve software to tie into county business licenses	

•	Disaster Preparedness Redies for all pitty departments	26,660
•	 Radios for all city departments Lease Purchase increased 	80,000
	To cover 1 year payment for purchase of fire truck	00,000
•	Budgeted 930 west completion in Class C roads	120,000
•	Machinery increased	17,500
	 Weed mowers 	,
•	Lease payment increased	32,000
	 Cover 1st payment on new 10-wheeler out of revolving loan 	
•	Improvements for parks	\$ 10,000
	 Included Walmart Grant for Improvements at Memorial Park 	
•	Lease Purchase increased	30,170
	O Payments for purchase of Bobtail & Trails utility vehicle	c a ==
•	328-D Mower for City grounds	6,357
•	Repair and Maintenance	17,480
	o Paint the pool fixtures	
•	Repair & Maintenance increased	14,720
	Remodel Restrooms at old ballfields	(7.602
•	Improvements Proportion for now compteny area	67,602
	Preparation for new cemetery area Improvements other than buildings	62 000
•	Improvements other than buildings O Hospital Rebuild, East & West side voltage cutover, lighting	63,000
•	Lease Purchase	12,234
•	 New Golf Cart lease through revolving loan 	12,234
•	Buildings	7,500
-	Installation of window coverings for pro shop	7,500
•	Improvements	37,000
	 Cart Path completion, Sand replacement for traps 	,
•	General Supplies	1,000
	 Purchase trees to start nursery again 	
•	Repair & Maintenance	246,505
	 Electrical overhaul at sewer plant, Trickling Filter repair 	
•	Sewer extension to RV Park at golf course	25,000
•	Repair & Maintenance	50,000
	Land purchase for storm drain pond	
•	Repair & Maintenance water	32,903
	O Purchase 15 2" meters for businesses & Churches	5.000
•	Building Improvement water	5,000
_	Heaters, insulation and plywood Added for descriptions in testing	20.000
•	Added funds for new reservoir testing	30,000

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Payson City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to: City Recorder, Payson City, 439 W. Utah Avenue, Payson, UT 84651.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities		В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,283,627	\$	1,160,032	\$ 7,443,659
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance					
for Uncollectables)		1,656,165		2,044,284	3,700,449
Prepaid Items				136,000	136,000
Notes Receivable		398,454		-	398,454
Internal Balances		78,715		(78,715)	-
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents		836,109		4,230,771	5,066,880
Equity in Joint Venture				714,946	714,946
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated					
Depreciation)					
Water Shares		-		198,400	198,400
Land		3,518,221		7,873,757	11,391,978
Buildings		6,571,703		465,092	7,036,795
Improvements		2,638,774		34,202,900	36,841,674
Machinery and Equipment		374,983		2,024,081	2,399,064
Infrastructure		16,492,740		-	16,492,740
Construction in Progress				2,526,609	2,526,609
Total Assets		38,849,491		55,498,157	94,347,648
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred Charge on Refunding (Net)		-		585,582	585,582
		_		_	
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable		855,701		514,181	1,369,882
Interest Payable		96,993		187,090	284,083
Other Current Liabilities		635,903		435,809	1,071,712
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year		311,904		1,262,195	1,574,099
Due In More Than One Year		6,212,655		19,065,662	25,278,317
Total Liabilities		8,113,156		21,464,937	29,578,093
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes Levied for Future Year		806,766		_	806,766
Troporty Takes Device for Facure Fear	-	000,700			000,700
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		23,646,302		28,625,553	52,271,855
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects		-		1,662,391	1,662,391
Debt Service		-		412,930	412,930
Class "C" Roads		247,915		-	247,915
Impact Fees		354,519		1,647,654	2,002,173
Landfill Closure Costs		-		548,469	548,469
Unrestricted		5,680,833		1,721,805	7,402,638
Total Net Position	\$	29,929,569	\$	34,618,802	\$ 64,548,371

PAYSON CITY CORPORATION Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Progra	ım Revenues		Net (Expense) Re	evenue and Change	s in Net Position	
				ting Grants,		Primary Government			
		_	Charges for Contri		Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-Type		
.	Expenses	Services	and	d Interest	and Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities:	\$ 2.598.884	\$ 140.666	\$	122 476		e (2.225.742)		e (2.225.742)	
General Government Public Safety	\$ 2,598,884 2,695,255	\$ 140,666 468,880	\$	132,476 232,092	29,883	\$ (2,325,742) (1,964,400)	-	\$ (2,325,742) (1,964,400)	
Highways and Streets	975,625	400,000		232,092	1,116,959	141,334	-	141,334	
Parks and Recreation	2,318,301	1,011,434		17,007	101,161	(1,188,699)	_	(1,188,699)	
Economic Development	453,350	1,011,434		17,007	101,101	(453,350)	_	(453,350)	
Cemetery	163,434	38,153		_	_	(125,281)		(125,281)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	430,213	30,133			_	(430,213)		(430,213)	
Total Governmental Activities	9,635,062	1,659,133		381,575	1,248,003	(6,346,351)		(6,346,351)	
Total Governmental Heavitage	<u> </u>		-	301,070	1,210,000	(0,5 10,551)		(0,5 10,551)	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water	1,943,051	2,454,776		-	211,175	-	\$ 722,900	722,900	
Electric	11,977,933	13,072,564		-	238,637	-	1,333,268	1,333,268	
Sewer	1,556,249	1,948,520		-	271,262	-	663,533	663,533	
Solid Waste	983,943	1,913,400		-	-	-	929,457	929,457	
Golf	916,833	671,598		-	-	-	(245,235)	(245,235)	
Storm Drain	380,120	589,988		-	46,818	-	256,686	256,686	
Ambulance	367,978	396,184			28,280		56,486	56,486	
Total Business-Type Activities	18,126,107	21,047,030			796,172		3,717,095	3,717,095	
Total Primary Government	\$ 27,761,169	\$ 22,706,163	\$	381,575	\$ 2,044,175	(6,346,351)	3,717,095	(2,629,256)	
		General Revenue	26						
		Taxes:	D.G						
		Property Taxes				1,464,712	_	1,464,712	
		General Sales T	axes			2,615,537	_	2,615,537	
		Motor Vehicle	Γaxes			102,724	_	102,724	
		Utility Taxes				992,339	_	992,339	
		Other Taxes				303,457	-	303,457	
		Gain (Loss) on Sa	ale of C	apital Asset		6,200	5,151	11,351	
		Investment Earnin	ngs			33,183	-	33,183	
		Miscellaneous				32,365	-	32,365	
		Transfers				2,252,269	(2,252,269)		
		Total General Re	venues	and Transfer	s	7,802,786	(2,247,118)	5,555,668	
		Change in Net As	ssets			1,456,435	1,469,977	2,926,412	
		Net Position Beg	inning c	of Year		28,473,134	33,148,825	61,621,959	
		Net Position End	of Year	r		\$ 29,929,569	\$ 34,618,802	\$ 64,548,371	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

	General	Capital Projects	Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	e 2.001.204	¢ 4 202 422	¢.	Ф. (202 (27
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance	\$ 2,001,204	\$ 4,282,423	\$ -	\$ 6,283,627
for Uncollectables)	1,656,165	-	_	1,656,165
Due From Other Funds	125,688	-	285,675	411,363
Notes Receivable	-		398,454	398,454
Restricted Assets:				0.5.4.0.0
Cash and Cash Equivalents	103,043		733,066	836,109
Total Assets	\$ 3,886,100	\$ 4,282,423	\$ 1,417,195	\$ 9,585,718
Liabilities				
Accrued Liabilities	\$ 803,941	\$ 33,231	\$ 7,468	\$ 844,640
Due To Other Funds	-	189,101	282,408	471,509
Deposits	635,903			635,903
Total Liabilities	1,439,844	222,332	289,876	1,952,052
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes Levied for Future Year	806,766	-	-	806,766
Unavailable Property Taxes	36,567			36,567
Total Inflows	843,333	-		843,333
Fund Balances				
Restricted for:			C T O COC	67 0 6 0 6
RDA Class "C" Roads	247.015	-	670,696	670,696
Impact Fees	247,915	-	354,519	247,915 354,519
Committed for:			334,317	334,317
Perpetual Care	_	_	312,585	312,585
Assigned for:				
Community Events	287,547	-	-	287,547
Capital Project Fund	-	4,060,091	-	4,060,091
Unassigned:	1,067,461	· -	(210,481)	856,980
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	1,602,923	4,060,091	1,127,319	6,790,333
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 3,886,100	\$ 4,282,423	\$ 1,417,195	\$ 9,585,718

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$ 6,790,333
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	29,596,420
Long-term Assets not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	36,567
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of vehicle repairs and maintenance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	117,682
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (6,611,433)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 29,929,569

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Revenues	General	Capital Projects	Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 885,120	\$ -	\$582,398	\$ 1,467,518
General Sales Taxes	2,615,537	Ψ -	\$302,370	2,615,537
Motor Vehicle Taxes	102,724	_	_	102,724
Utility Taxes	992,339	_	_	992,339
Other Taxes	303,457	_	_	303,457
Licenses and Permits	131,973	_	_	131,973
Intergovernmental	1,180,280	_	_	1,180,280
Charges for Services	1,225,256	_	38,153	1,263,409
Fines and Forfeitures	263,751	_	,	263,751
Interest	1,439	24,236	7,508	33,183
Miscellaneous	32,365			32,365
Total Revenues	7,734,241	24,236	628,059	8,386,536
Expenditures Current:				
General Government	2,445,677	_	_	2,445,677
Public Safety	2,683,216	_	_	2,683,216
Highways and Streets	1,029,277	_	_	1,029,277
Parks and Recreation	1,968,642	_	_	1,968,642
Economic Development	172,374	_	262,126	434,500
Cemetery	163,434	-	· -	163,434
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	165,000	-	165,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	563,932	1,146,890	61,618	1,772,440
Capital Outlay:				
Economic Development		32,230		32,230
Total Expenditures	9,026,552	1,344,120	323,744	10,694,416
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,292,311)	(1,319,884)	304,315	(2,307,880)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Impact Fees	-	-	131,044	131,044
Sale of Fixed Assets	6,200	-	-	6,200
Transfers In	2,069,075	868,554	-	2,937,629
Transfers Out	(670,360)		(15,000)	(685,360)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,404,915	868,554	116,044	2,389,513
Net Change in Fund Balances	112,604	(451,330)	420,359	81,633
Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning				
of Year	1,490,319	4,511,421	706,960	6,708,700
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$ 1,602,923	\$ 4,060,091	\$ 1,127,319	\$ 6,790,333

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 81,633
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(454,367)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net assets. (Contributions by Developers)	318,253
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,492,277
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(2,806)
The internal service funds used by management to charge the the costs of insurance and workers' compensation to individual funds are not reported in the entity-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated.	 21,445
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,456,435

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

		Bu	siness Type Activi	ities - Enterprise F	runds		
			ajor		Non Major		
				Golf			Internal Service
Annata	Water	Electric	Sewer	Course	Enterprise Funds	Total	Funds
Assets Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance	\$ 274,992	\$ 298,240	\$ -	\$ 2,012	\$ 584,788	\$ 1,160,032	\$ -
for Uncollectables) Due From Other Funds Prepaid Items	318,008	928,530 1,526,465 136,000	228,162	- - -	569,584 1,986,014	2,044,284 3,512,479 136,000	138,861
Total Current Assets	593,000	2,889,235	228,162	2,012	3,140,386	6,852,795	138,861
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Equity in Joint Venture Capital Assets:	1,972,967	1,081,648	627,687 714,946	- -	548,469	4,230,771 714,946	-
Water Shares Land Buildings	198,400 6,711,439	116,337 279,792	157,482 13,199	833,376 245,950	55,123 290,506	198,400 7,873,757 829,447	- -
Improvements Machinery and Equipment Construction in Progress	16,597,816 341,565 2,526,609	17,925,288 1,810,020	21,794,993 1,164,878	4,337,896 1,295,483	4,347,580 3,054,078	65,003,573 7,666,024 2,526,609	1,336,900
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(8,284,683)	(12,248,562)	(9,198,310)	(3,657,602)	(3,417,814)	(36,806,971)	(1,282,945)
Total Capital Assets, Net	18,091,146	7,882,875	13,932,242	3,055,103	4,329,473	47,290,839	53,955
Total Noncurrent Assets	20,064,113	8,964,523	15,274,875	3,055,103	4,877,942	52,236,556	53,955
Total Assets	20,657,113	11,853,758	15,503,037	3,057,115	8,018,328	59,089,351	192,816
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred Charge on Refunding (Net)	585,582					585,582	
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accrued Liabilities	256,043	73,086	60,812	21,453	102,787	514,181	11,061
Due to Other Funds Compensated Absences Payable	23,433	184,320	175,616 38,244	3,415,578 76,626	95,040	3,591,194 417,663	62,577
Bonds Payable Interest Payable Capital Leases Payable	496,000 66,322	47,696	589,000 120,768	54,181	75,318	1,085,000 187,090 177,195	1,904
Total Current Liabilities	841,798	305,102	984,440	3,567,838	273,145	5,972,323	75,542
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets: Customer Deposits Payable		435,809				435,809	
Total Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets		435,809		_		435,809	
Long-Term Liabilities: Unamortized Bond Premiums (Net) Revenue Bonds Payable (net of current portion) Capital Leases Payable (net of current portion) Closure and Postclosure Liability Water Share Liability	245,802 9,759,000 - 262,452	- - - -	7,181,000	72,650	174,988 952,107	245,802 16,940,000 247,638 952,107 262,452	8,215 -
Total Long-Term Liabilities	10,267,254	-	7,181,000	72,650	1,127,095	18,647,999	8,215
Total Liabilities	11,109,052	740,911	8,165,440	3,640,488	1,400,240	25,056,131	83,757
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Bond and Lease Requirements	7,620,693	7,835,179	6,162,242 382,581	2,928,272	4,079,167	28,625,553 412,930	43,836
Capital Projects Landfill Closure Costs Impact Fees	1,662,391 - 295,570	- - 1,112,940	239,144	-	548,469	1,662,391 548,469 1,647,654	-
Unrestricted	524,640	2,164,728	553,630	(3,511,645)	1,990,452	1,721,805	65,223
Total Net Position	\$10,133,643	\$11,112,847	\$ 7,337,597	\$ (583,373)	\$ 6,618,088	\$ 34,618,802	\$ 109,059

Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Water	Electric	Sewer	Golf Course	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Charges Pledged as Security for Revenue Bond Miscellaneous	\$ - 2,424,502 3,676	\$ 11,619,801 - 1,304,667	\$ - 1,924,639 19,584	\$ 651,576 - 20,010	\$ 2,782,455 - 109,706	\$ 15,053,832 4,349,141 1,457,643	\$ 587,377 - 50
Total Operating Revenues	2,428,178	12,924,468	1,944,223	671,586	2,892,161	20,860,616	587,427
Operating Expenses Costs of Sales and Services Maintenance Operations and Contractual Services Materials and Supplies Depreciation Amortization	438,099 419,122 251,803 369,350 268,924	9,080,096 2,288,592 78,391 524,302	394,974 61,191 67,599 524,792 120,980	452,334 48,324 165,076 244,905	809,989 484,088 145,437 288,695	11,175,492 3,301,317 708,306 1,952,044 389,904	342,909 55,975 154,458 17,836
Total Operating Expenses	1,747,298	11,971,381	1,169,536	910,639	1,728,209	17,527,063	571,178
Operating Income (Loss)	680,880	953,087	774,687	(239,053)	1,163,952	3,333,553	16,249
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest Income Impact Fees Insurance Proceeds Grant Revenue Gain (Loss) on Sale of Fixed Assets Interest and Fiscal Charges	26,598 71,609 - - - (195,753)	148,096 238,637 - (6,552)	4,297 191,082 - (386,713)	12 - - (6,194)	7,411 - 28,280 5,151 (3,832)	186,414 501,328 - 28,280 5,151 (599,044)	- - - - -
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(97,546)	380,181	(191,334)	(6,182)	37,010	122,129	
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers	583,334	1,333,268	583,353	(245,235)	1,200,962	3,455,682	16,249
Capital Contributions Transfers In Transfers Out	139,566 - (474,475)	(846,737)	80,180 - (343,591)	47,006	46,818 3,300 (637,772)	266,564 50,306 (2,302,575)	- - -
Change in Net Position	248,425	486,531	319,942	(198,229)	613,308	1,469,977	16,249
Net Position Beginning of Year	9,885,218	10,626,316	7,017,655	(385,144)	6,004,780	33,148,825	92,810
Net Position End of Year	\$ 10,133,643	\$ 11,112,847	\$ 7,337,597	\$ (583,373)	\$ 6,618,088	\$ 34,618,802	\$ 109,059

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Bus	siness	Type Activit	ies -	Enterprise F	unds				
	Water		Electric		Sewer		Golf Course	Ente	Other erprise Funds	Total		Internal vice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users Payments from Interfund Services Provided	\$ 2,385,510	\$	12,965,507	\$	1,945,753	\$	671,586 19,071	\$	2,900,480	\$ 20,868,836 19,071	\$	587,427
Payments for Goods and Services Payments for Goods and Services	(263,227) (1,064,049)	((880,139) 10,844,377)		(222,994) (336,507)		(289,478) (356,205)		(509,733) (1,633,828)	(2,165,571) (14,234,966)		(342,909) (239,294)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	1,058,234		1,240,991		1,386,252		44,974	_	756,919	4,487,370		5,224
Cash Flows from Noncapital												
Financing Activities Operating Grants Received Transfers to Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds	(474,475)		- (846,737) -		(343,591)		- - 47,006		28,280 (637,772) 3,300	28,280 (2,302,575) 50,306		- -
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	(474,475)		(846,737)		(343,591)		47,006	. <u> </u>	(606,192)	(2,223,989)		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Insurance Proceeds	_		_		_		_		_	_		_
Impact Fees	71,609		238,637		191,082		-		-	501,328		-
Proceeds from Bonds & Capital Leases Bond Refunding Cost	1,500,000 (105,000)		-		-		75,821		157,800	1,733,621 (105,000)		10,119
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-		-		-		-		5,151	5,151		-
Increase in Joint Venture	(205.000)		-		(110,178)		-		-	(110,178)		-
Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds Interest Paid on Revenue Bonds	(295,000) (183,862)		-		(565,000) (386,713)		-		-	(860,000) (570,575)		-
Principal Paid on Capital Leases	(105,002)		(93,706)		-		(84,063)		(44,372)	(222,141)		_
Interest Paid on Capital Leases	-		(6,552)		-		(6,194)		(3,832)	(16,578)		-
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(1,894,256)		(389,288)		(101,851)		(75,544)		(265,475)	(2,726,414)		(15,343)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(906,509)		(250,909)		(972,660)		(89,980)		(150,728)	(2,370,786)		(5,224)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Income Received	20,249		148,096		4,297		12		7,411	180,065		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(302,501)		291,441		74,298		2,012		7,410	72,660		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	2,550,460		1,088,447		553,389		-		1,125,847	5,318,143		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 2,247,959	\$	1,379,888	\$	627,687	\$	2,012	\$	1,133,257	\$ 5,390,803	\$	_
Reconciliation of Operating Gain (Loss) to Net Casl Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss)	n \$ 680,880	\$	953,087	\$	774,687	\$	(239.053)	\$	1,163,952	\$ 3,333,553	\$	16,249
Adjustments:	\$ 000,000	Ψ	755,007	Ψ	774,007	Ψ	(237,033)	Ψ	1,103,732	φ 5,555,555	Ψ	10,247
Depreciation Amortization	369,350 268,924		524,302		524,792 120,980		244,905		288,695	1,952,044 389,904		17,836
(Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable Due From Other Funds	(42,668)		97,949 (289,839)		1,530		-		8,319 (743,413)	65,130 (1,033,252)		(13,081)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accrued Liabilities Customer Deposits	(206,706)		1,008 (56,910)		41,914		5,510		31,412	(126,862) (56,910)		(3,140)
Compensated Absences Payable	(19,742)		11,394		3,868		14,541		7,954	18,015		(12,640)
Water Share Liability	(3,694)		-		(0.530)		-		-	(3,694)		-
Accrued Interest Due to Other Funds	11,890		-		(9,528) (71,991)		19,071		0	2,362 (52,920)		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 1,058,234	\$	1,240,991	\$	1,386,252	\$	44,974	\$	756,919	\$ 4,487,370	\$	5,224
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Contributions of capital assets from developers	\$ 139,566	\$	-	\$	80,180	\$	-	\$	46,818	\$ 266,564	\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Payson City Corporation (the City) financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City applies FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Payson City is a political subdivision of the State of Utah. Payson City Corporation was incorporated in 1853 under the laws of the State of Utah. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The City provides municipal services under the following organizational structure.

Mayor and City Council: Mayor and City Council, Community Promotion, and Advisory Boards and Commissions.

City Administration: City Administrator, Risk Management, Emergency Operations, Recorder, Community and Neighborhood, and Computer Services.

Financial Services: Finance Director, Treasurer, Utilities, Accounting, Facilities, and Purchasing.

City Attorney: Legal Services, Prosecution, Civil and Environmental Law, and Personnel.

Development Services: Economic Development, Planning and Zoning, and Code Enforcement.

Public Safety: Police, Fire, Animal Control, and Emergency Medical Services.

Public Works: Streets, Engineering Parks, Fleet Maintenance, Water, Solid Waste Services, Water Reclamation, Street Lighting, and Storm Sewer Services.

Recreation: Swimming Pool Operations, Outdoor Recreation Programs, and Senior Citizen Programs.

Library: Library Administration, Collection Development, and Public Services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member Council and Mayor. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

The Redevelopment Agency is governed by a separate governing board, who are the City's Mayor and Council. The financial statements of the Redevelopment Agency are included in the accompanying financial statements as a blended component unit.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of Net Position and the statements of changes in Net Position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, use taxes, franchise taxes, and earned but unreimbursed state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are measurable as of the date levied (assessed) and are recognized as revenue when they become available. Available means when due, or past due, and received within the current period or collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when the City receives cash.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the activities concerning the capital projects of the City.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water fund accounts for the activities of the City's water production, treatment and distribution operations.

The *electric fund* accounts for the activities of the City's electric generation and distribution operations.

The *sewer fund* accounts for the activities of the City's sewer treatment operations.

The *golf course fund* accounts for the activities of the City's golf course operations.

Activities of the four funds include administration, operations and maintenance of the water, sewer, electric, and golf course systems and billing and collection. The funds also account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for all water, sewer, and golf course fund debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted, if necessary, to ensure the integrity of the funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

Additionally the City reports the *internal service fund* to account for the costs of operating and maintaining vehicles and equipment owned by the City. The City also reports the following non-major fund type; Debt Service, Special Revenue and Proprietary.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments to the general fund by various enterprise funds for the providing of administrative and billing services for such funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and deposits in other types of accounts or cash management pools that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts. City policy allows for the investment of funds in time certificates of deposit with Federally insured depositories, investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (Fund) and other investments allowed by the State of Utah's Money Management Act. Investments are reported at fair value. The Fund operates in accordance with state laws and regulations. The reported value of the City's cash in the Fund is the same as the fair value of the Fund shares.

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Investments with maturities of three months or less, when purchased, meet this definition.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to either "due to or due from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Cash, which is restricted to a particular use due to statutory, budgetary or bonding requirements, is classified as "restricted cash" on the Statement of Net Position and on the Balance Sheets. Restricted cash would be spent first and then unrestricted resources would be used when the restricted funds are depleted.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and structures	30-50
Improvements other than buildings	20-50
Infrastructure	20-40
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Furniture and fixtures	5-10

The City has adopted an allowable alternative to reporting depreciation for its roads network. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach," the City must maintain an asset management system and demonstrate that its roads are being preserved at or above condition levels established by City policy. Infrastructure assets accounted for under the modified approach are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

6. Compensated Absences

Payson City Corporation's personnel policy permits employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation time which will be paid to employees upon termination. At June 30, 2013, the total liability for compensated absences is \$992,103.

7. Taxes

In Utah, county governments assess, levy, collect and disburse two principal types of tax: (1) personal property tax which is assessed on business assets other than real estate, and (2) tax on real estate and improvements. Business personal property and real estate taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are levied on all business personal property on January 1st and real estate and improvement taxes are levied on January 1st and are payable by November 30th. The real property taxes that are due in November are reported as a receivable from property taxes on the financial statements. Because these taxes are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, they are offset by deferred revenue.

The City Council is authorized by state statute to levy a tax against all real and personal property located within its boundaries. The Council must set a tax rate by June 22nd each year. The County Treasurer, acting as a tax collector, must settle and disburse all tax collections to all taxing entities on a routine basis.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the accrual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources

Beginning with fiscal year 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. These

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

Statements provide financial reporting guidance to standardize the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. They also establish accounting standards and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities, and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one deferred outflow, deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items, one of which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The item, *revenue for future year*, is reported in both the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts account for property taxes levied on January 1, 2013 for the 2013-2014 fiscal year.

10. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting in Governmental Fund Types Definitions*. The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on a hierarchy that shows, from highest to lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance resources and the extent to which the City is bound to honor them. The City first determines and reports nonspendable balances, then restricted, then committed, and so forth. The City's governmental fund balances have been restated to reflect the below classifications. Fund balance classifications are summarized as follows:

- **Nonspendable**. This category includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Fund balance amounts related to inventories, prepaid expenditures, and endowments are classified as nonspendable.
- **Restricted.** This category includes net fund resources that are subject to external constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources either a) imposed by creditors (such as

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance amounts include the following:

- a) Class C Roads
- b) Impact fees
- c) RDA
- Committed. This category includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes established by formal action of the City Council. Fund balance commitments can only be removed or changed by the same type of action (for example, resolution) of the City Council. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City Council has committed perpetual care and revolving loan fund.
- **Assigned.** This category includes General Fund balance amounts that the City intends to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is expressed by written approval of the City's administration comprised of the City administrative council. This category also includes the remaining positive fund balance for other governmental funds. The City has assigned debt service requirement, special revenue and capital projects.
- Unassigned. Residual balances in the governmental fund are classified as unassigned.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

11. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

12. Use of Estimates

Presenting financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make certain estimates concerning assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results may vary from these estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance* – *total governmental funds* and *net position* – *governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

Capital related items:

When capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of these assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the city as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$39,648,438
Accumulated depreciation	(10,052,018)
Net adjustment to increase <i>fund balance</i> – <i>total governmental</i>	
funds to arrive at net position – governmental activities	<u>\$29,596,420</u>

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities in the fund statements. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net position.

Accrued interest payable	\$ 96,993
Compensated absences	574,440
Bonds, notes payable, and lease payable	<u>5,940,000</u>
Net adjustment to reduce <i>fund balance – total governmental</i>	
funds to arrive at net position – governmental activities	\$6,611,433

B. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities</u>

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

Capital outlay	\$	205,437
Depreciation expense	(659,804)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances-		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position		
of governmental activities	<u>(\$</u>	454,367)

Another element of that reconciliation states that the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Bond and Note Payments	\$ 1,525,000
Lease Payment and Proceeds	42,113
Compensated absence	(14,950)
Decrease in Accrued Interest	58,859
Less: Amortization of Bond Cost	(_118,745)
Net adjustments to decrease net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
position of governmental activities	\$1,492,277

NOTE 3 – BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted in accordance with the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act adopted by the State of Utah. Once a budget has been adopted, it remains in effect until it has been formally revised. Furthermore, in accordance with state law, all appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year. If any obligations are contracted for and are in excess of adopted budget, they are not a valid or enforceable claim against the City. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All funds of the City have legally adopted budgets.

The City adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

A. On or before the first regularly scheduled meeting of the City Council in May, the City administrator, authorized under state statute to be appointed budget officer, submits a proposed operation budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

- B. A public hearing is held at which time the taxpayers' comments are heard. Notice of the hearing is given in the local newspaper at least seven days prior to the hearing. Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection ten days prior to the public hearing.
- C. On or before June 22^{nd,} a final balanced budget must be adopted through passage of a resolution for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1st.
- D. Control of budgeted expenditures is exercised, under state law, at the departmental level. The City Administrator, however, acting as budget officer, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between line items within any department of any budgetary fund. The City Council, by resolution, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between the individual departments of any budgetary fund.
- E. Budget appropriations for any department may be reduced by resolution.
- F. A public hearing as required in B) above, must be held to increase the total appropriations of any one governmental fund type; however, after the original public hearing, operating and capital budgets of proprietary fund types may be increased by resolution without an additional hearing.
- G. Encumbrances lapse at yearend. Encumbered amounts carry over to the following year and are subject to reappropriation. Therefore, no encumbrances are presented in the financial statements.

During the budget year, the City modified the budget on several occasions using the above procedures.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the City funds. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by State statute.

The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated 1953, Section 51, Chapter 7) in handling its depository and temporary investment transactions. This law requires the depositing of City funds in a "qualified depository". The Act defines a "qualified depository" as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal government and which has been certified by the commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

The Money Management Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate temporary investments for the City and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories or primary reporting dealers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

A. Deposits

<u>Deposits – Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2013, the City's custodial credit risk for deposits were as follows:

		Balance
Depository Account	Custodial Credit Risk	June 30, 2013
Regular Checking Account	Insured	\$250,000
Regular Checking Account	Uninsured	1,057,994

B. Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investment for the City and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in negotiable or non-negotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investor Services or Standard & Poor's, bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund.

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF). The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Section 51-7, *Utah Code Annotated, 1953*, as amended. The Act established the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gain or losses on investments.

The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses-net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participant's average daily balance. The fair value of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

As of June 30, 2013 the government had the following investments and maturities:

				Investment Maturities In Years							
		Fair		Less					Mo	ore	
Investment Type	Value		than 1		1-5		6-10		than 10		
State of Utah Public Treasurer's											
Investment Fund	\$	11,415,234	\$	11,415,234	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total Fair Value	\$	11,415,234	\$	11,415,234	\$		\$		\$		

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Section 51, chapter 7 of the Utah Code) in handling its depository and investing transactions. City funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Act. The Act also authorizes the City to invest in the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF). certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, high-trade commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, restricted mutual funds, and obligations of governmental entities within the State of Utah. The PTIF is invested in accordance with the Act. The State Money Management Council provides regulatory oversight for the PTIF. The degree of risk of the PTIF depends upon the underlying portfolio. The Act and Council rules govern the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of a depository shall remain in effect. If a qualified depository should become ineligible to hold public funds, public treasurers are notified immediately. The City considers the actions of the Council to be necessary and sufficient for adequate protection of its investments. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The PTIF is unrated.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter-party, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk.

The deposits and investments described above are included on the Statement of Net Position as per the following reconciliation:

Deposits and Investments	\$ 1,094,305
Investments	11,415,234
Cash on Hand	1,000
Total Cash	\$12,510,539

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

Government-Wide	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,443,659
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,734,856
Fiduciary Restricted Cash	332,024
Total Cash	<u>\$12,510,539</u>
Net Cash on Statement of Net Position	<u>\$12,510,539</u>

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major fund and non major, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

					on Major Business	
	General	Water	Electric	Sewer	Type	Total
Receivables:	 		_			_
Accounts	\$ 25,427	\$ 318,008	\$ 1,086,230	\$ 228,162	\$ 632,311	\$ 2,290,138
Property tax	906,515	-	-	-	-	906,515
Other taxes	593,252	-	-	-	-	593,252
Intergovernmental	130,971	-	-	-	-	130,971
Less allowance for						
uncollectible accts	-	-	(157,700)	-	(62,727)	(220,427)
	\$ 1,656,165	\$ 318,008	\$ 928,530	\$ 228,162	\$ 569,584	\$ 3,700,449

Governmental funds report *deferred inflows* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred inflows reported* in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
Property taxes receivable (general fund)	\$ 36,567	\$ 806,766

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLE AND TRANSFERS

The RDA Business Park and Golf Course are not expected to be repaid within one year. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2013 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

from other lunus:		
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Capital Project	\$ 125,688
Non Major Governmental	RDA Business Park	206,394
	Capital Project	63,413
	Non Major Governmental	15,868
Electric	Sewer	175,616
	Golf Course	1,350,849
Non Major Enterprise	Golf Course	1,925,868
	Non Major Governmental	60,146
Internal Service Fund	Golf Course	138,861
Total		\$4,062,703

Inter-fund Transfers:

			Capital			No	n Major		
General		I	Projects	Go	lf Course	En	terprise		Total
\$	-	\$	620,054	\$	47,006	\$	3,300	\$	670,360
	-		-		-				-
474,47	5		-		-		-		474,475
846,73	7		-		-		-		846,737
343,59	1		-		-		-		343,591
389,27	2		248,500		-		-		637,772
	-								-
15,00	0						_		15,000
\$2,069,07	5	\$	868,554	\$	47,006	\$	3,300	\$ 2	2,987,935
	\$ 474,47 846,73 343,59 389,27	General \$ - 474,475 846,737 343,591 389,272 - 15,000 \$2,069,075	General \$ \$ - \$ \$ 474,475 846,737 343,591 389,272 - 15,000	General Projects \$ - \$ 620,054 - 474,475 846,737 343,591 389,272 248,500 - 15,000	General Projects Go \$ - \$ 620,054 \$ 474,475 - \$ 846,737 - \$ 343,591 - \$ 389,272 248,500 15,000 \$ 15,000	General Projects Golf Course \$ 620,054 \$ 47,006 474,475 - - 846,737 - - 343,591 - - 389,272 248,500 - 15,000 - -	General Projects Golf Course En \$ - \$ 620,054 \$ 47,006 \$ 474,475 - - - 846,737 - - - 343,591 - - - 389,272 248,500 - - 15,000 - - -	General Projects Golf Course Enterprise \$ - \$ 620,054 \$ 47,006 \$ 3,300 474,475 - - - 846,737 - - - 343,591 - - - 389,272 248,500 - - 15,000 - - -	\$ - \$ 620,054 \$ 47,006 \$ 3,300 \$ 474,475

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund or component unit to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

Primary Government		Beginning						Ending
Governmental activities:		Balance]	ncreases	D	ecreases		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,518,221	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,518,221
Infrastructure		16,174,487		318,253		-		16,492,740
Total capital assets not being depreciated		19,692,708		318,253	-	-		20,010,961
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		8,728,456		-		-		8,728,456
Improvements		6,641,733		189,687		-		6,831,420
Machinery and equipment		4,046,509		31,092				4,077,601
Total capital assets being depreciated		19,416,698		220,779				19,637,477
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(1.020.542)		(210 211)				(2.15(.752)
Buildings		(1,938,542)		(218,211)		-		(2,156,753)
Improvements		(3,896,829)		(295,818)		-		(4,192,647)
Machinery and equipment		(3,556,843)		(145,775)				(3,702,618)
Total accumulated depreciation		(9,392,214)		(659,804)	-			(10,052,018)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	10,024,484	_	(439,025)	_		_	9,585,459
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	29,717,192	\$	(120,772)	\$		\$	29,596,420
		Daginning						Ending
Dusiness type activities		Beginning Balance	1		D	20#20222		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:		Dalance		ncreases		ecreases		Dalance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	ø	7 072 757	ø		ø		ø	7 072 757
	\$	7,873,757	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,873,757
Water Shares		198,400		1 007 740		20,000		198,400
Construction in Progress		558,860		1,987,749		20,000		2,526,609
Total capital assets not being depreciated		8,631,017		1,987,749		20,000		10,598,766
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		829,447		_		_		829,447
Improvements		64,401,951		601,622				65,003,573
Machinery and equipment		7,109,925		636,649		80,550		7,666,024
Total capital assets being depreciated		72,341,323		1,238,271		80,550		73,499,044
3 1		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , ,				, , ,
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(340,880)		(23,475)		-		(364,355)
Improvements		(29,425,110)		(1,375,563)				(30,800,673)
Machinery and equipment		(5,169,487)		(553,006)		(80,550)		(5,641,943)
Total accumulated depreciation		(34,935,477)		(1,952,044)		(80,550)		(36,806,971)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		37,405,846		(713,773)	-	-		36,692,073
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	46,036,863	\$	1,273,976	\$	20,000	\$	47,290,839
-								

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 125,616
Public safety	28,288
Highways and public improvements	83,432
Economic Development	18,850
Parks and recreation	385,782
Capital assets held by the government's	
Internal Service Fund are charged to	
various functions based on their	
usage of assets	 17,836
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 659,804
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 369,350
Electric	524,302
Sewer	524,792
Solid Waste	121,727
Golf Course	244,905
Storm Drain	137,885
Ambulance	29,083
Total depreciation expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,952,044
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,611,848

NOTE 8 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

The City over the past few years has executed various capital leases.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Business Type
Asset:	
Machinery and Equipment	\$1,925,807
Less: Accumulated Amortization	(<u>1,061,269</u>)
Total	<u>\$ 864,538</u>

Amortization of capital assets purchased under capital leases are included in depreciation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

The present value of future minimum capital lease payments under these leases as of June 30, 2013 are:

Fiscal Year	<u>Amount</u>
2014	\$192,382
2015	128,164
2016	53,289
2017	53,284
2018	<u>36,690</u>
Total minimum lease payments	463,809
Less amounts representing interest	(28,857)
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 434,952</u>

At June 30, 2013, the City's capital leases payable balance consisted of the following:

	Total Capital L	eases Payable
	Governmental	Business Type
Capital Leases Payable Current Portion Capital Leases Payable Long Term Capital Leases Payable	\$ 10,119 (1,904) \$ 8,215	\$ 424,833 (177,195) \$ 247,638

NOTE 9 – BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Governmental Activities:

As of June 30, 2013, the governmental long-term debt of the financial reporting entity consisted of the following:

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2007B, Dated July 26, 2007 5.0% to 5.8% (original amount \$7,300,000)	\$ 5,940,000
Total Bonds and Notes Less Noncurrent Current Portion	5,940,000 (_5,630,000) \$_310,000
Capital Leases 2013 Copier 3.04% Revolving Loan Fund (original amount \$10,119) Total Capital lease Less Noncurrent Current portion	\$ 10,119 10,119 (1,904) \$ 8,215

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

Business-type Activities:

As of June 30, 2013, the long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, dated June 21, 2010 3.64% (original amount \$5,301,000)	\$ 4	1,155,000
Water revenue Bond, Series 2012, dated April 1, 2012 3.46% (original amount \$3,404,000)	2	2,250,000
Sewer Revenue Bond, Series 2007, dated August 8, 2007 4.0%-4.5% (original amount \$4,500,000)	3	3,615,000
Water Revenue Refunding, Series 2013, dated March 13, 2013 2.0% - 3.0% (original amount 7,385,000)	7	7,385,000
Water Revenue and Refunding Series 2008, dated Feb. 1, 2007 3-5% (original amount \$9,445,000)		620,000
Total Bonds & Notes	18	3,025,000
Less non-current		<u>5,940,000</u>)
Current portion	<u>\$ 1</u>	,085,000
Capital Leases		
2011 Golf Carts, 3.05% (original amount \$52,300)	\$	26,935
2010 Golf Equipment, 3.69% (original amount \$58,000)		23,840
2010 Golf Carts, 3.42% (original amount \$56,500)		14,507
2013 Ambulance, 3.04% (original amount \$157,800) From Revolving Loan Fund		157,800
2013 Golf Equipment, 3.04% (original amount \$75,820) From Revolving Loan Fund		61,549
2009 Line Truck, 4.23% (original amount \$220,196)		47,696
2011 Garbage Truck, 2.8% (original amount \$181,000)	_	92,506
Total Capital lease		424,833
Less Noncurrent	(177,195)
Current portion	<u>\$</u>	247,638

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

The future annual requirements for all outstanding bond and note obligations as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

		All Bonds and Notes	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 1,395,000	\$ 871,592	\$ 2,266,592
2015	1,458,000	802,860	2,260,860
2016	1,507,000	750,402	2,257,402
2017	1,568,000	699,017	2,267,017
2018	1,622,000	645,299	2,267,299
2019-2023	8,484,000	2,296,291	10,780,291
2024-2028	6,806,000	817,297	7,623,297
2029-2030	1,125,000	33,975	1,158,975
	\$ 23,965,000	\$ 6,916,733	\$ 30,881,733

2012

Changes in Long Term Debt

Government Type Activities

Unamortized Bond Premium

Total Bonds Payable

Accrued Compensated Absence

Closure and Postclosure Liability

Business activities long- term debt

Capital Lease

Water Share Liability

Severiment Type Trees views		1100110110	1100000000000	-0.15	0110 1 001
Bonds Payable					
Special Revenue - RDA	\$ 120,000	\$ -	\$ 120,000	\$ -	\$ -
SID No. 200101	1,230,000	-	1,230,000	-	-
Sales Tax Revenue Bond 2006B	6,235,000	-	295,000	5,940,000	310,000
Total Bonds Payable	7,585,000	-	1,645,000	5,940,000	-
Capital Lease	42,113	10,119	42,113	10,119	1,904
Accrued Compensated Absences	559,489	14,951	-	574,440	-
Govt Activities Long-Term Debt	\$ 8,186,602	\$ 25,070	\$1,687,113	\$ 6,524,559	\$ 311,904
Business Type Activities	2012	Additions	Reductions	2013	One Year
Bonds Payable					
2008 Water Rev & Refunding Bond	¢ 7.725.000	\$ -	¢ 7 115 000	\$ 620,000	Φ 205.000
2012 Water Defending Dand	\$ 7,735,000	D -	\$7,115,000	\$ 020,000	\$ 305,000
2013 Water Refunding Bond	\$ 7,735,000	7,385,000	\$ 7,113,000	7,385,000	\$ 305,000 70,000
2006 Sewer Revenue Bond	3,795,000	*	180,000	,	· ·
· ·	-	*	-	7,385,000	70,000
2006 Sewer Revenue Bond	3,795,000	7,385,000	-	7,385,000 3,615,000	70,000 190,000

Additions

143,327

9,028,327

\$9,279,963

233,621

18,015

Reductions

9,159

7,689,159

222,144

3,692

\$7,914,995

2013

245,802

424,833

417,663

262,452

952,107

\$ 20,327,857

18,270,802

One Year

177,195

\$1,262,195

111,634

413,356

399,648

266,144

952,107

\$18,962,889

16,931,634

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

Advance Refunding. In 2013 the City issued \$7,385,000 in revenue bonds with an interest rate of ranging between 2.0 -3.0%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$6,820,000 of outstanding 2008 Water Revenue & Refunding Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% The net proceeds of \$7,417,294 (after payment of \$209,672 in issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2008 water revenue bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$597,294. This amount is reported as a deferred outflow and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The City advance refunded the 2008 Water Revenue & Refunding Bonds to reduce its total debt service payments by \$917,238 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$756,950.

NOTE 10 – ACCRUED CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

Payson City is closing landfill parcels on an on-going basis as each land parcel is completely filled. State and Federal laws and regulations require Payson to place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs is based on the cost to close the final cell through the end of the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care costs is \$952,107 as of June 30, 2013, which represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 35% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill are performed by Payson City. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

Payson City estimated the remaining life of the landfill is 26 to 56 years. As of June 30, 2013, no cost was charged to closure and post-closure expenses.

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u>. Payson City Corporation contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System, and Fire Fighters Retirement System which are for employers with Social Security coverage cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). Utah Retirement Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System, and Fire Fighters Retirement System which are for employers with Social Security coverage. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah, 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

<u>Funding Policy.</u> Payson City Corporation is required to contribute a percent of covered salary to the respective systems, 12.74% to the Contributory Tier 2, 16.04% to the Noncontributory, and 30.45% to the Public Safety Noncontributory and 16.05% to the Firefighters Retirement System, respectively. In addition the City contributes 2.66% to the Firefighters Retirement System. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates and are approved by the Board as authorized by Chapter 49.

Payson City Corporation contributions to the Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2) for June 30, 2013 and 2012 were \$14,535, and \$3,747 respectively, and for the Noncontributory Retirement System for June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, were \$586,115, \$549,138, and \$498,024 respectively, and for the Public Safety Retirement System the contributions for June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$221,501, \$210,367, and \$187,993 respectively. For the Firefighter System the contributions for June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$13,016, \$13,532, and \$15,213 respectively. The contribution was equal to the required contribution for each year.

401K Plan

The employees of the City also participate in a 401(K) deferred compensation plan. The amount of the employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$20,431, \$21,205, and \$16,067 respectively.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is involved in claims arising in the normal course of business. It is not possible to state the ultimate liability, if any, in these matters. In the opinion of management, such litigation will have no material effect on the financial operations of the City.

NOTE 13 – DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following funds had a deficit fund balance/net position balance at June 30, 2013:

Redevelopment Agency – Business Park (\$ 210,481) Golf Course (583,373)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Payson City Corporation is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is unable to obtain insurance to cover the risk of losses related to torts at a cost it considers to be economically justifiable. The City participates in the Utah Local Governments Trust (a public entity risk pool). All claims are submitted to the Utah Local Governments Trust which acts as a commercial insurer. The Trust is obligated to pay all claims covered by its plan. The plan covers liability, theft, damages and other losses.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage of any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 15 – EQUITY IN JOINT VENTURE

<u>Utah Associated Municipal Power Systems (UAMPS)</u>

Payson City is a member of Utah Associated Municipal Power Systems (UAMPS), a separate legal entity and political subdivision of the State of Utah, which was formed pursuant to the provision of the Interlocal cooperation act. UAMPS' membership consists of 31 municipalities, including one joint action agency and one electric service district. In addition, one contract purchaser of power is also supplied by UAMPS. UAMPS was formed to plan, finance, develop, acquire, construct, improve, operate, or maintain projects for the generation, transmission, and distribution of electric energy for the benefit of its members.

The City is a 19.99% participant in the operation of a joint agency project (Craig-Mona Transmission Project). Under the terms of the agreement, the operational costs and debt service requirements are reflected in the cost of power purchased. No separate payments are made to UAMPS under this agreement.

Separate compiled financial statements for UAMPS may be obtained from the Manager of Finance at 2825 East Cottonwood Parkway, suite 200, Salt Lake City, Utah 84121-7077.

South Utah Valley Municipal Water Association (SUVMWA)

Payson City is a member of South Utah Valley Municipal Water Association, a separate legal entity and political subdivision of the State of Utah, which was formed pursuant to the provision of the Interlocal cooperation act. SUVMWA membership consists of 10 municipalities. SUVMWA was formed to plan, finance, develop, acquire, construct, improve, operate, or maintain projects for the water and waste water treatment facility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2013

SUVMWA purchased land for the wastewater treatment facility. Payson is a 19.29% participant and paid \$714,946 toward purchase of the property. This payment is shown with equity in joint venture in the sewer fund.

Payson will have an annual payment of \$110,171 to pay for their share of the lease bond that SUVMWA incurred when they purchased the land. The lease bond is \$2,648,000 as of June 30, 2013.

Separate completed financial statements for SUVMWA may be obtained from the manager of finance at 40 South Main, Spanish Fork, UT 84660.

NOTE 16 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The Payson City Redevelopment Agencies were established to further public purposes in the redevelopment of certain City areas. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the following activity occurred in the City's redevelopment agencies.

Business Park

Tax increment collection from other taxing agencies for various project areas	\$582,398
Amounts expended for site improvements and preparation costs	\$241,577
Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects	-

Down Town

Tax increment collection from other taxing agencies for various project areas	\$ -
Amounts expended for site improvements and preparation costs	10,182
Amounts expended for administrative costs	-

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 26, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Revenues Final Actual Fravorable (Unfavorable Conference) Taxes: Property Taxes \$ 820,000 \$ 871,692 \$ 885,120 \$ 13,428 General Sales Traxes \$ 2,432,569 \$ 2,457,569 \$ 2,615,537 \$ 157,968 Motor Vehicle Taxes \$ 112,000 \$ 10,011 \$ 102,724 \$ 11,712 Utility Taxes \$ 965,000 \$ 10,050,00 \$ 993,393 \$ 12,082 Licenses and Permits \$ 114,261 \$ 119,870 \$ 131,973 \$ 12,282 Licenses and Permits \$ 114,261 \$ 119,870 \$ 131,973 \$ 12,013 Intergovernmental \$ 894,867 \$ 1,076,552 \$ 1,180,280 \$ 103,722 Charges for Services \$ 1,035,333 \$ 1,195,958 \$ 1,225,256 \$ 29,298 Fines and Forfeitures \$ 4,500 \$
Taxes
Property Taxes
General Sales Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Utility Taxes 965,000 1,005,000 992,339 (12,66) Other Taxes 287,500 291,175 303,457 12,282 Licenses and Permits 114,261 119,870 131,973 12,103 Intergovernmental 894,867 1,076,552 1,180,280 103,725 Charges for Services 1,103,533 1,195,958 1,225,256 292,905 Fines and Fortifetures 239,000 239,000 263,751 24,751 Interest 4,500 4,500 1,439 (3,06) Miscellaneous 18,000 34,083 32,365 (1,718) Total Revenues 6,991,230 7,386,410 7,734,241 347,831 Expenditures Current: General Government: Administrative 1,023,280 1,084,568 1,037,423 47,144 Planning and Zoning 549,163 563,152 559,008 4,144 Building Maintenance 270,822 277,752 258,860 18,895 Judicial 474,443 485,358 437,913 47,444 Non-Departmental 161,524 162,565 152,473 10,093 Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,445,677 127,718 Public Safety. Public Safety Police Administration 2,174,460 2,289,325 2,211,238 78,88* Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,044 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (61) Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,366 Total Public Safety 2,2636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,385 Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,044 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (61) Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,366 Total Public Safety 2,2636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,385 Fire Rodministration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,044 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (61) Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,366 Total Public Safety 2,2636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,385 Fire Rodministration 332,080 351,477 332,432 19,044 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 70,827 3,366 Total Public Safety 3,484,571 538,426 421,130 117,294 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,644 Total Highways and Streets 344,801 62,801 44,611 18,194 Total Economic Development 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,194 Total Economic Development 835,328 335,520 338,863 6,837 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,194 Total Economic Development 197,6761 205,966 172,374 33,959 Parks 359,009 837,943 358,590 29,2412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 1836,669 63,938 2,253 Library 444,641 474
Chicago Section Sect
Intergovernmental
Charges for Services 1,103,533 1,195,958 1,225,256 22,975 Fines and Forfeitures 239,000 263,751 24,751 Interest 4,500 4,500 1,439 (3,661 Miscellaneous 18,000 34,083 32,365 (1,718 Total Revenues 6,991,230 7,386,410 7,734,241 347,831 Expenditures Curent: 6,991,230 7,386,410 7,734,241 347,831 Expenditures Curent: 6,991,230 1,084,568 1,037,423 47,148 Administrative 1,023,280 1,084,568 1,037,423 47,144 Planning and Zoning 549,163 563,152 559,008 4,144 Building Maintenance 270,822 277,752 258,860 18,89 Judicial 474,443 485,358 437,913 47,441 Non-Departmental 161,524 162,565 152,473 10,992 Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,211,238<
Fines and Forfeitures
Interest
Miscellaneous 18,000 34,083 32,365 (1,718) Total Revenues 6,991,230 7,386,410 7,734,241 347,831 Expenditures Current: 8 8 47,142 47,143 General Government: 4 1,023,280 1,084,568 1,037,423 47,144 Planning and Zoning 549,163 563,152 559,008 4,144 Building Maintenance 270,822 277,752 258,860 18,892 Judicial 474,443 485,358 437,913 47,445 Non-Departmental 161,524 162,565 152,473 10,092 Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,445,677 127,718 Public Safety: Police Administration 2,174,460 2,289,325 2,211,238 78,085 Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,045 Victins Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (61 Animal Control 74,691 74,691 <t< td=""></t<>
Expenditures Current
Current: General Government: Administrative 1,023,280 1,084,568 1,037,423 47,145 Planning and Zoning 549,163 563,152 559,008 4,144 Building Maintenance 270,822 277,752 258,860 18,892 Judicial 474,443 485,358 437,913 47,445 161,524 162,565 152,473 10,092 Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,445,677 127,718 Public Safety: Public Safety: Police Administration 2,174,460 2,289,325 2,211,238 78,087 Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,045
Administrative 1,023,280 1,084,568 1,037,423 47,144 Planning and Zoning 549,163 563,152 559,008 4,144 Building Maintenance 270,822 277,752 258,860 18,892 Judicial 474,443 485,358 437,913 47,445 Non-Departmental 161,524 162,565 152,473 10,092 Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,445,677 127,718 Public Safety: Public Safety: Police Administration 2,174,460 2,289,325 2,211,238 78,087 Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,045 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (611 Animal Control 74,691 70,827 3,864 Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,387 Highways and Streets: Streets and Sidewalks 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,646 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,650 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,400 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,597 Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Ciround Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,377 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,288 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,422 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,422 Shack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,535 Sack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,93
Administrative 1,023,280 1,084,568 1,037,423 47,142 Planning and Zoning 549,163 563,152 559,008 4,144 Building Maintenance 270,822 277,752 258,860 18,892 Judicial 474,443 485,358 437,913 47,444 Non-Departmental 161,524 162,565 152,473 10,092 Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,445,677 127,718 Public Safety: Police Administration 2,174,460 2,289,325 2,211,238 78,087 Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,045 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 613 Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,86- Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,383 Highways and Streets: Streets and Sidewalks 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501
Planning and Zoning 549,163 563,152 559,008 4,144 Building Maintenance 270,822 277,752 258,860 18,892 Judicial 474,443 485,358 437,913 47,445 Non-Departmental 161,524 162,565 152,473 10,092 Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,445,677 127,718 Public Safety: 2 2 2,289,325 2,211,238 78,085 Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,045 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (612 Animal Control 74,691 74,691 79,827 3,866 Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,382 Highways and Streets: 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,644 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,650 <t< td=""></t<>
Building Maintenance 270,822 277,752 258,860 18,892 Judicial 474,443 485,358 437,913 47,445 Non-Departmental 161,524 162,565 152,473 10,092 Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,445,677 127,718 Public Safety: Public Administration 2,174,460 2,289,325 2,211,238 78,083 Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,043 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (612 Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,864 Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,383 Highways and Streets: Streets and Sidewalks 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,644 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,656 Economic Development: Separation
Judicial 474,443 485,358 437,913 47,445 Non-Departmental 161,524 162,565 152,473 10,092 Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,445,677 127,718 127
Total General Government 2,479,232 2,573,395 2,445,677 127,718 Public Safety: Police Administration 2,174,460 2,289,325 2,211,238 78,087 Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,042 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (612 Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,864 Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,382 Highways and Streets: Streets and Sidewalks 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,290 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,640 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,650 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,400 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592
Public Safety: Police Administration
Police Administration 2,174,460 2,289,325 2,211,238 78,087 Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,045 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (612 Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,866 Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,383 Highways and Streets: 844,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,646 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,656 Economic Development: 3130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372
Fire Administration 322,080 351,477 332,432 19,045 Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (612 Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,864 Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,383 Highways and Streets: 844,071 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,640 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,650 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,199 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318
Victims Advocate 65,680 68,106 68,719 (612) Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,864 Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,383 Highways and Streets: Streets and Sidewalks 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,640 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,650 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: 947,884 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,344 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,83 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 <td< td=""></td<>
Animal Control 74,691 74,691 70,827 3,866 Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,383 Highways and Streets: Streets and Sidewalks 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,646 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,656 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,196 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,377 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,377 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,288 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,429 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,535
Total Public Safety 2,636,911 2,783,599 2,683,216 100,383 Highways and Streets: Streets and Sidewalks 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,646 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,650 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,288 Youth Sports 79,084 79,084
Highways and Streets: Streets and Sidewalks 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,646 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,650 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,288 Youth Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Streets and Sidewalks 344,571 538,426 421,130 117,296 Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 608,147 (65,646 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,656 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,196 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,34* Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,83* Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,37* Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,28* Youth Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 <td< td=""></td<>
Class "C" Road 499,835 542,501 603,147 (65,646 Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,650 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,288 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,429 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Total Highways and Streets 844,406 1,080,927 1,029,277 51,650 Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,285 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,425 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,655 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Economic Development: Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,285 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,425 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,655 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Senior Citizens 130,960 143,165 127,763 15,402 Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: 853,281 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,285 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,425 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Community Events 48,801 62,801 44,611 18,190 Total Economic Development 179,761 205,966 172,374 33,592 Parks and Recreation: Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,285 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,425 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,655 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Parks and Recreation: Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,347 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,288 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,429 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Parks 359,709 387,943 358,596 29,344 Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,285 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,429 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Swimming Pool 853,281 335,520 328,683 6,837 Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,283 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,429 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Library 293,264 308,730 292,412 16,318 Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,288 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,429 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Ground Mowing 182,870 186,550 151,178 35,372 Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,283 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,429 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Recreation and Culture 497,884 522,498 501,213 21,285 Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,425 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,655 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Youth Sports 194,626 208,626 205,197 3,429 Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Adult Sports 79,084 79,084 67,425 11,659 Snack Shack 86,470 86,469 63,938 22,531
Total Culture and Recreation 2,547,188 2,115,420 1,968,642 146,778
Cemetery <u>159,349</u> <u>164,200</u> <u>163,434</u> <u>766</u>
Debt Service:
Interest and Fiscal Charges - 561,942 563,932 (1,990
Capital Outlay
Total Expenditures 8,846,847 9,485,449 9,026,552 458,897 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,855,617) (2,099,039) (1,292,311) 806,728
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds of Notes
Sale of Assets 6,200 6,200
Transfers In 2,058,117 2,069,075 2,069,075 Transfers Out (248,545) (670,360) (670,360)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,809,572 1,398,715 1,404,915 6,200
Net Change in Fund Balance (46,045) (700,324) 112,604 812,928
Fund Balance Beginning of Year 1,490,319 1,490,319 1,490,319
Fund Balance End of Year \$ 1,444,274 \$ 789,995 \$ 1,602,923 \$ 812,926

PAYSON CITY

Ratings for the City's Road System For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

As allowed by GASB Statement 34, the City has adopted the modified approach for reporting, where infrastructure assets are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed. The City capitalizes costs related to new construction or major replacements under the modified approach.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the City is required to:

- 1. Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- 2. Perform and document replicable condition assessments of the eligible infrastructure assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- 3. Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the eligible infrastructure assets at the condition level disclosed by the City.
- 4. Document that the infrastructure assets are being preserved approximately at, or above the condition level established by the City.

The City has used an inventory system that evaluates the condition and safety of its roads. This system rates good roads with a high value and poor roads with a low value by road type. Roads are reinventoried each year to determine current condition and safety needs. Roads in each road type with low values are then targeted for maintenance in the coming budget year.

The City Level of Service (LOS) Policy for streets is:

LOS 1 No curb and gutter (rural)

1. To maintain a minimum of 24 ft. of asphalt travel with a minimum of 4 foot of gravel shoulder with adequate facility for storm water dispersion. Adequate signage to move traffic in a uniform safe manner.

LOS 2 (Residential)

2. Maintain 40 ft. of asphalt width with adequate storm water facilities to include curb gutter and sidewalk and signage information to provide safe uninhibited flow of traffic and suitable information to negotiate the road system in a safe uniform manner.

LOS 3 (Arterial)

3. Maintain 60 ft. asphalt width with adequate storm water facilities to include curb gutter and sidewalk and traffic control devices to allow for the safe uniform flow of traffic in the most fluid and efficient manner possible with higher volumes of traffic involving higher speeds.

The streets are assessed by the Iwork Computer program. The most recent assessment found that the City's streets were within the prescribed parameters with 80% having a pavement condition with service life of 12 years or better and 2% of the streets having a pavement condition 2 years service life or less.

On June 30, 2013, the City has 83.62 center lane miles of paved road.

It is the City's policy to maintain its roads at or above the average rating for each class of roads.

Over the last five reporting years, the estimated amounts needed and actual expenditures utilized to maintain and preserve the City's road system are as follows (capital expenditures are not included):

<u>Year</u>	Budgeted	Expenditures
2009	\$ 470,949	\$ 478,883
2010	416,832	384,700
2011	161,390	158,999
2012	392,160	366,866
2013	533,148	538,563

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds										Total Nonmajor			
		RDA owntown	Bu	RDA siness Park	In	npact Fee Parks		npact Fee blic Safety	F	Perpetual Care	R	evolving Loan	Go	vernmental Funds
Assets		Owntown	Du	SIIICSS I ark		1 arks	1 u	one barety		Carc		Loan		1 dids
Due From Other Funds	\$	267,221	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,152	\$	15,302	\$	-	\$	285,675
Notes Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		398,454		398,454
Restricted Assets:														
Cash and Cash Equivalents						164,843		235,919		297,283		35,021		733,066
Total Assets	\$	267,221	\$	_	\$	164,843	\$	239,071	\$	312,585	\$	433,475	\$	1,417,195
Liabilities														
Accrued Liabilities	\$	-	\$	4,087	\$	3,381	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20.000	\$	7,468
Due To Other Funds	-			206,394		46,014						30,000		282,408
Total Liabilities				210,481		49,395						30,000		289,876
Fund Balances														
Restricted for:														
RDA		267,221		-		-		_		_		403,475		670,696
Impact Fees		-		-		115,448		239,071		-		-		354,519
Committed for:														
Perpetual Care		-		-		-		-		312,585		-		312,585
Assigned for: Unassigned:				(210.491)										(210.491)
Onassigned.				(210,481)										(210,481)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	267,221		(210,481)		115,448		239,071		312,585		403,475		1,127,319
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of														
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	267,221	\$		\$	164,843	\$	239,071	\$	312,585	\$	433,475	\$	1,417,195

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Special Reve	enue Funds				Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	RDA Downtow	n	RDA Business Park	Impact Fee Parks	Impact Fee Public Safety	Perpetual Care	Revolving Loan		
Revenues									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	- \$	582,398	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 582,398	
Special Assessments Charges for Services		-	-	-	-	38,153	-	38,153	
Misc			_	-	-	30,133	-	30,133	
Interest		<u> </u>		516	1,433	1,922	3,637	7,508	
Total Revenues			582,398	516	1,433	40,075	3,637	628,059	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General Government	10.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Economic Development Debt Service:	10,1	32	241,577	10,247	120	-	-	262,126	
Principal Retirement			_	_	_	_	_	_	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_	5,618	56,000	_	_	_	61,618	
Total Expenditures	10,1	82	247,195	66,247	120		_	323,744	
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures	(10,1	82)	335,203	(65,731)	1,313	40,075	3,637	304,315	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Impact Fees		-	-	101,161	29,883	-	-	131,044	
Transfer In (Out)						(15,000)		(15,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				101,161	29,883	(15,000)		116,044	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(10,1	82)	335,203	35,430	31,196	25,075	3,637	420,359	
Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year	277,4	03	(545,684)	80,018	207,875	287,510	399,838	706,960	
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$ 267,2	21 \$	(210,481)	\$ 115,448	\$ 239,071	\$ 312,585	\$ 403,475	\$ 1,127,319	

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
Assets	Solid Waste	Storm Drain	Ambulance	Total		
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ 584,788	\$ -	\$ 584,788		
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance						
for Uncollectables)	200,464	118,214	250,906	569,584		
Due From Other Funds	944,488	536,525	505,001	1,986,014		
Total Current Assets	1,144,952	1,239,527	755,907	3,140,386		
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	548,469			548,469		
Capital Assets: Land	55,123			55,123		
Buildings	138,136	152,370	_	290,506		
Improvements	516,064	3,821,262	10,254	4,347,580		
Machinery and Equipment	2,243,344	262,504	548,230	3,054,078		
Construction in Progress	-,=,=		-	-		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,263,171)	(800,922)	(353,721)	(3,417,814)		
Total Capital Assets, Net	689,496	3,435,214	204,763	4,329,473		
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,237,965	3,435,214	204,763	4,877,942		
Total Assets	2,382,917	4,674,741	960,670	8,018,328		
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accrued Liabilities	17,165	74,199	11,423	102,787		
Compensated Absences Payable	65,393	29,647	-	95,040		
Capital Leases Payable	45,614		29,704	75,318		
Total Current Liabilities	128,172	103,846	41,127	273,145		
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Capital Leases Payable (net of current portion)	46,892	-	128,096	174,988		
Closure and Postclosure Liability	952,107			952,107		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	998,999		128,096	1,127,095		
Total Liabilities	1,127,171	103,846	169,223	1,400,240		
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	596,990	3,435,214	46,963	4,079,167		
Restricted for:		-,,		,,/		
Landfill Closure Costs	548,469	-	-	548,469		
Unrestricted	110,287	1,135,681	744,484	1,990,452		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,255,746	\$ 4,570,895	\$ 791,447	\$ 6,618,088		

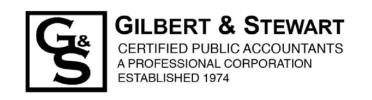
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Solid Waste	Storm Drain	Ambulance	Total				
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 1,800,107 109,706	\$ 586,164 0	\$ 396,184	\$ 2,782,455 109,706				
Total Operating Revenues	1,909,813	586,164	396,184	2,892,161				
Operating Expenses								
Costs of Sales and Services	489,344	65,131	255,514	809,989				
Maintenance Operations and Contractual Services	273,352	162,383	48,353	484,088				
Materials and Supplies	95,688	14,721	35,028	145,437				
Depreciation	121,727	137,885	29,083	288,695				
Total Operating Expenses	980,111	380,120	367,978	1,728,209				
Operating Income (Loss)	929,702	206,044	28,206	1,163,952				
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest Income	3,587	3,824	-	7,411				
Grant Revenue	-	-	28,280	28,280				
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-	5,151	5,151				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(3,832)			(3,832)				
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(245)	3,824	33,431	37,010				
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions								
and Transfers	929,457	209,868	61,637	1,200,962				
Capital Contributions	-	46,818	-	46,818				
Transfers In	-	-	3,300	3,300				
Transfers Out	(612,000)	0	(25,772)	(637,772)				
Change in Net Position	317,457	256,686	39,165	613,308				
Net Position Beginning of Year	938,289	4,314,209	752,282	6,004,780				
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,255,746	\$ 4,570,895	\$ 791,447	\$ 6,618,088				

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Bus	siness	Type Activit	ies -	Enterprise Fu	ınds	
		Solid Waste		Storm Drain	A	mbulance		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	1,873,795	\$	582,032	\$	444,653	\$	2,900,480
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided Payments to Employees for Services		(306,784)		(39,227)		(163,722)		(509,733)
Payments for Goods and Services		(906,808)		(435,130)		(291,890)		(1,633,828)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	_	660,203		107,675		(10,959)		756,919
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities								
Operating Grants Received		((12,000)		-		28,280		28,280
Transfers to Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds		(612,000)		<u>-</u>		(25,772) 3,300		(637,772) 3,300
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital								
Financing Activities		(612,000)	_			5,808		(606,192)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activites								
Proceeds from Capital Leases		-		-		157,800		157,800
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		- (44.252)		-		5,151		5,151
Principal Paid on Capital Leases Interest Paid on Capital Leases		(44,372) (3,832)		-		-		(44,372) (3,832)
Payments for Capital Acquisitions		(3,832)		(107,675)		(157,800)		(265,475)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related								
Financing Activities		(48,204)	_	(107,675)		5,151		(150,728)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Income Received		3,587		3,824		_		7,411
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash								
and Cash Equivalents		3,586		3,824		-		7,410
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		544,883	_	580,964				1,125,847
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	548,469	\$	584,788	\$		\$	1,133,257
Reconciliation of Operating Gain (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	929,702	\$	206,044	\$	28,206	\$	1,163,952
Adjustments: Depreciation		121,727		137,885		29,083		288,695
(Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable		(36,018)		(4,132)		48,469		8,319
Allowance for Uncollectable Accounts Due From Other Funds		(350,859)		(283,729)		(108,825)		(743,413)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:								
Accrued Liabilities Performance Bond		(11,453)		50,757		(7,892)		31,412
Compensated Absences Payable Due to Other Funds		7,104		850		-		7,954
	•	660 202	•	107 675	•	(10.050)	•	756,919
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	\$	660,203	\$	107,675	\$	(10,959)	\$	
Contributions of capital assets from developers	51	-	\$	46,818	\$	-	\$	46,818

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS REPORT STATE COMPLIANCE REPORT



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Payson Payson, Utah

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Payson City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Payson City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 26, 2013.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Payson City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Payson City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Payson City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did indentify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and response that we consider to be significant deficiencies [1 and 2].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Payson City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no

instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Payson City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings & response. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report in an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART Certified Public Accountants December 26, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS & RESPONSE JUNE 30, 2013

1. Draft Financial Statements

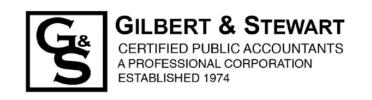
Finding: The City does not have an employee with certain expertise to draft the City's basic financial statements and related footnotes. The auditor, with oversight from management, drafts the financial statements and footnotes. Management then reviews and accepts responsibility for the financial statements. Management should make efforts to gain as much expertise as possible regarding the preparation of the basic financial statements and footnotes to ensure that they are qualified to review, approve and accept responsibility for the financial statements.

City's Response: Management will continue to gain expertise in the preparation of the financial statements and footnotes to ensure they are qualified to review, approve and accept responsibility for the statements.

2. Adjustments to Accrual Basis of Accounting

Finding: The City did not post all year-end adjusting journal entries necessary to adjust the financial statements to the accrual basis of accounting. The City also did not post all year end adjusting journal entries to reflect actual year end balances. The auditor, with oversight from management, recommended additional adjusting journal entries to the City to adjust the financial statements to the year end balances and the accrual basis of accounting.

City's Response: Management will continue to receive training on posting and converting the financial statements to the accrual basis of accounting and to post year end balances.



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Payson Payson, Utah

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE

We have audited Payson City's compliance with general and major state program compliance requirements described in the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide* for the year ended June 30, 2013.

The general compliance requirements applicable to the City are identified as follows:

Cash Management
Budgetary Compliance
Fund Balance
Justice Courts
Impact Fees
Utah Retirement System Compliance
Transfers from Utility Enterprise Funds
Government Records Access Management Act
Conflicts of Interest
Nepotism
Utah Public Finance Website
Open & Public Meetings Act
State Loans and Grants

The City received the following major assistance programs from the State of Utah during the year ended June 30, 2013:

B&C Roads

Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of the City's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State of Utah legal Compliance Audit Guide*. Those standards and the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide* require that we plan and perform the

the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the City and its major programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, Payson City complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the compliance requirements that are applicable to each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide and which are described in our letter to management dated December 26, 2013 as items 2013-1 and 2013-2.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART Certified Public Accountants December 26, 2013

PAYSON CITY

COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Payson, Utah December 26, 2013

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Payson City for the year ended June 30, 2013. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated September 24, 2013. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Payson City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, Payson City changed accounting policies related to financial reporting of deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and net position by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred inflows of resources, and net position and Statement no. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the City's financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the capital assets' useful life is based on the historical life of similar assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the capital assets' useful life in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 26, 2013.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Utah State Legal Compliance Findings – Current Year

13-1 General Compliance – Other Compliance

Finding: State law prohibits any fund from maintaining a deficit equity balance. We noted the following funds had negative fund balances as of June 30, 2013.

Redevelopment Agency – Business Park (\$545,684) Golf Course Fund (\$385,144)

Recommendation: We recommend that the city make necessary budget adjustments including transfers to bring the respective fund into compliance with state law.

City's Status: As noted in the first finding, the General Fund balance has been kept too high to cover the deficit in these other funds.

13-2 <u>General Compliance – Budgetary Compliance</u>

Finding: Officers and employees of the entity shall not incur expenditures or encumbrances in excess of the total appropriation for any department or fund. We noted the following departments in the General Fund incurred expenditures in excess of the budget:

Debt Service \$ 1,990

Recommendation: We recommend that the City keep expenditures within the approved budget.

City's Response: We concur with the finding. We will work toward budgeting properly and maintaining expenditures within the approved budget.

Utah State Legal Compliance Findings – Prior Year:

12-1 General Compliance – Other Compliance

Finding: State law prohibits any fund from maintaining a deficit equity balance. We noted the following funds had negative fund balances as of June 30, 2012.

Redevelopment Agency – Business Park (\$210,481) Golf Course Fund (\$583,373)

Recommendation: We recommend that the city make necessary budget adjustments including transfers to bring the respective fund into compliance with state law.

City's Status: See current year finding 13-1.

12-2 <u>General Compliance – Budgetary Compliance</u>

Finding: Officers and employees of the entity shall not incur expenditures or encumbrances in excess of the total appropriation for any department or fund. We noted the following departments in the General Fund incurred expenditures in excess of the budget:

Cemetery \$ 15,896 Debt Service \$ 1,027

Recommendation: We recommend that the City keep expenditures within the approved budget.

Current Status: See current year finding 13-2.

Additional findings and recommendations have been addressed in the financial audit on page 54 titled Schedule of Findings & Response.

This information is intended solely for the use of City Council, management of Payson City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART Certified Public Accountants